Finite Difference Method for the Estimation of a Heat Source Dependent

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Abstract

The inverse parabolic problem is of significant importance in mathematical sciences, applied sciences and engineering [1-3]. In the process of transportation, diffusion and conduction of natural materials, the parabolic partial differential equation is induced (see [4]). In this paper, we present the numerical solutions of the parabolic inverse problem with the Dirichlet condition. Problem requires finding the temperature u(x, t) and the unknown right hand side term p(t) satisfying the heat equation

$$u_t - u_{xx} + u = p(t) q(x) + f(t, x), \text{ in } (x, t) \in (0, L) \times (0, T]$$
(1)

subject to the initial condition

$$u(x,0) = u_0(x), 0 \le x \le L,$$
(2)

the Dirichlet boundary condition

$$u(0,t) = u(L,t) = 0, 0 < t \le T,$$
(3)

and the overdetermined conditions in an interior point

$$u(x^*, t) = 0, 0 < t \le T, 0 < x^* < L.$$
(4)

The coercive stability estimates for the solution of first and second orders of accuracy difference scheme are established in the difference analogue of a space of smooth functions. The theoretical statements for the solution of this difference schemes for parabolic inverse problem is supported by the results of numerical experiments.

References

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